

Confirming the slowdown

Revised estimates of GDP

Crisil First Cut | June 2017



Revised estimates hold fiscal 2017 GDP growth steady at 7.1%, but with a changed mix

The Central Statistical Office (CSO) yesterday came out with the gross domestic product (GDP) estimates for Q4 (Jan-Mar 2017) and full fiscal 2017. This is the first GDP release incorporating the new 2011-12 based WPI and IIP series. Contrary to the consensus expectation of a rise in real GDP growth – both on account of higher IIP and lower WPI in the new series – the real GDP growth for fiscal 2017 clocked 7.1%, unchanged from its earlier estimate. That's due to the impact of demonetisation and the fact that the deflator in Q4 had risen sharply. For fiscals 2015 and 2016, GDP growth was notched up as the newly estimated IIP growth and deflator (2011-12 base) were favourable compared with earlier estimates. That said, different components of the GDP in fiscal 2017 did see their growth estimates changing on both the demand and the supply side (see charts).

Data readings

- The revised estimates confirmed the slowdown in GDP growth in fiscal 2017. While growth slowed down for the fourth consecutive quarter, the decline was particularly stark in Q4 reflecting the impact of demonetisation. That said, a part of the slowdown in real growth in Q4 was also because of a sharp jump in deflators. Compared with an average 2.7% growth in the first three quarters, GDP deflator grew by 6% in Q4, following a spurt in WPI inflation that quarter.
- Gross value-added (GVA) growth supposed to be a firmer estimate of underlying economic activity as it doesn't take into account the impact of taxes and subsidies reduced sharply to 6.6% in fiscal 2017 from 7.9% in the previous fiscal. While most sectors recorded slower growth, high agricultural growth (4.9%) on account of a normal monsoon and record food grain production and a sharp rise in public expenditure limited the downside to the overall GVA growth in fiscal 2017. Industrial growth slowed down to 5.6% in fiscal 2017 from 8.8% in fiscal 2016 due to a sharp fall in in mining growth and slowdown in the growth of construction activity (to 1.7% from 5.0%). The latter can be attributed to demonetisation as it is has a large informal and cash-based component. Services sector growth also came down by 2 percentage points to 7.9% in fiscal 2017, largely due to halving of financial services growth and 2.7 percentage points slowdown in growth of the *trade*, *hotels*, *transport* & *communication* sector. The impact of demonetisation on the industrial sector, especially manufacturing and construction activity, was most pronounced in Q4. While manufacturing growth reduced to lowest level (5.3%) since December 2014, construction activity recorded negative growth (-3.7%) for the first time since March 2014.
- On the expenditure side, real GDP growth for fiscal 2017 remained steady at 7.1% as per the revised estimates, though down from 8.0% recorded in fiscal 2016. While private consumption the biggest contributor to the GDP slowed down in Q4, relatively higher growth in the previous three quarters led to the inching up of private consumption growth for fiscal 2017 as a whole to 8.7% from 6.1% in fiscal 2016. Government consumption grew substantially in the second half on account of revised pay hikes, taking the overall growth for fiscal 2017 to 20.8% from 3.3% in fiscal 2017. Investments continued to remain week, underscoring the inability of the private sector to undertake fresh investments in light of low capacity utilisation, high leverage and lack of a robust consumption demand guidance. Share of gross fixed capital formation or fresh investments in GDP continued to decline and stood at 28.4% of GDP in Q4, fiscal 2017, down from 30.8% in the year ago period.

Outlook

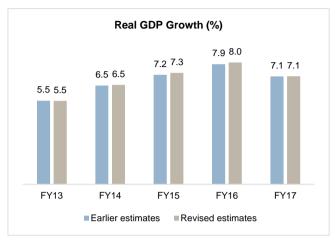
In an environment of subdued global growth and week investments, India's GDP cannot grow fast in the short run. The likely disruption on account of GST implementation can only add to the challenge. We, therefore, expect GDP growth to rise to 7.4% in fiscal 2018 from 7.1% in fiscal 2017. The improvement in growth to be driven by a rebound in consumption demand, which got postponed after demonetisation.

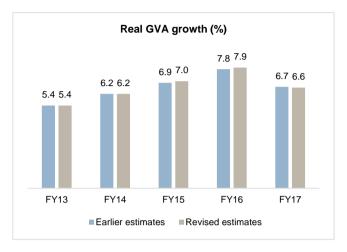
Aiding consumption growth will be a normal monsoon, benign inflation and softer interest rates. We assume monsoon to be normal (in terms of temporal and spatial distribution) in 2017, too, which will support agricultural growth, and interest rates will soften due to improved transmission of policy rate cuts by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI).

2



Comparing the growth matrices (%)





Source: CSO

Changes in GDP components as per revised estimates

At basic prices	Earlier estimate	Revised estimate
Agriculture & allied	4.4	4.9
Industry	5.8	5.6
o/w Manufacturing	7.7	8.0
Mining	1.3	1.8
Services	7.9	7.7
GVA	6.7	6.6

At market prices	Earlier estimate	Revised estimate
Pvt. Consumption	7.2	8.7
Govt. Consumption	17.0	20.8
Fixed Investment	0.6	2.4
Exports	2.3	4.5
Imports	-1.2	2.3
GDP	7.1	7.1

Source: CSO

Nuances of GDP growth

At basic prices	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	FY16	FY17
	FY17	FY17	FY17	FY17		
Agriculture & allied	2.5	4.1	6.9	5.2	0.7	4.9
Industry	7.4	5.9	6.2	3.1	8.8	5.6
o/w Manufacturing	10.7	7.7	8.2	5.3	7.9	8.0
Mining	-0.9	-1.3	1.9	6.4	10.5	1.8
Services	9.0	7.8	6.9	7.2	9.7	7.7
GVA	7.6	6.8	6.7	5.6	7.9	6.6

At market prices	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	FY16	FY17
	FY17	FY17	FY17	FY17		
Pvt. Consumption	8.4	7.9	11.1	7.3	6.1	8.7
Govt. Consumption	16.6	16.5	21.0	31.9	3.3	20.8
Fixed Investment	7.4	3.0	1.7	-2.1	6.5	2.4
Exports	2.0	1.5	4.0	10.3	-5.3	4.5
Imports	-0.5	-3.8	2.1	11.9	-5.9	2.3
GDP	7.9	7.5	7.0	6.1	8.0	7.1

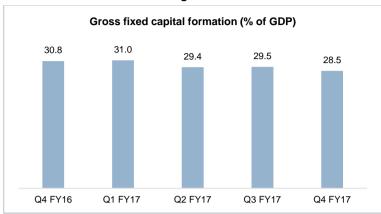
Source: CSO

3

Research



Investments continued to lag



Source: CSO

Analytical contacts

Dharmakirti Joshi

Chief Economist, CRISIL Ltd. dharmakirti.joshi@crisil.com

Adhish Verma

Economist, CRISIL Ltd. adhish.verma@crisil.com

Media contacts

Saman Khan

Media Relations

CRISIL Limited

D: +91 22 3342 3895

M: +91 95940 60612

B: +91 22 3342 3000

saman.khan@crisil.com

Khushboo Bhadani

Media Relations

CRISIL Limited

D: +91 22 3342 1812

M: +91 99300 93177

B: +91 22 3342 3000

khushboo.bhadani@crisil.com

Shruti Muddup

Media Relations

CRISIL Limited

D: +91 22 3342 1812

M: +91 98206 51056

B: +91 22 3342 3000

shruti.muddup@crisil.com

About CRISIL Limited

CRISIL is a global, agile and innovative analytics company driven by its mission of making markets function better. We are India's foremost provider of ratings, data, research, analytics and solutions. A strong track record of growth, culture of innovation and global footprint sets us apart. We have delivered independent opinions, actionable insights, and efficient solutions to over 100,000 customers.

We are majority owned by S&P Global Inc., a leading provider of transparent and independent ratings, benchmarks, analytics and data to the capital and commodity markets worldwide.

About CRISIL Research

CRISIL Research is India's largest independent integrated research house. We provide insights, opinion and analysis on the Indian economy, industry, capital markets and companies. We also conduct training programs to financial sector professionals on a wide array of technical issues. We are India's most credible provider of economy and industry research. Our industry research covers 86 sectors and is known for its rich insights and perspectives. Our analysis is supported by inputs from our network of more than 5,000 primary sources, including industry experts, industry associations and trade channels. We play a key role in India's fixed income markets. We are the largest provider of valuation of fixed income securities to the mutual fund, insurance and banking industries in the country. We are also the sole provider of debt and hybrid indices to India's mutual fund and life insurance industries. We pioneered independent equity research in India, and are today the country's largest independent equity research house. Our defining trait is the ability to convert information and data into expert judgments and forecasts with complete objectivity. We leverage our deep understanding of the macro-economy and our extensive sector coverage to provide unique insights on micro-macro and cross-sectoral linkages. Our talent pool comprises economists, sector experts, company analysts and information management specialists.

CRISIL Privacy Notice

CRISIL respects your privacy. We use your contact information, such as your name, address, and email id, to fulfil your request and service your account and to provide you with additional information from CRISIL and other parts of S&P Global Inc. and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company") you may find of interest.

For further information, or to let us know your preferences with respect to receiving marketing materials, please visit http://www.crisil.com/privacy. You can view the Company's Customer Privacy at https://www.spglobal.com/privacy.

Last updated: April 2016

Disclaimer

CRISIL Research, a division of CRISIL Limited (CRISIL) has taken due care and caution in preparing this Report based on the information obtained by CRISIL from sources which it considers reliable (Data). However, CRISIL does not guarantee the accuracy, adequacy or completeness of the Data / Report and is not responsible for any errors or omissions or for the results obtained from the use of Data / Report. This Report is not a recommendation to invest / disinvest in any company covered in the Report. CRISIL especially states that it has no financial liability whatsoever to the subscribers/ users/ transmitters/ distributors of this Report. CRISIL Research operates independently of, and does not have access to information obtained by CRISIL's Ratings Division / CRISIL Risk and Infrastructure Solutions Limited (CRIS), which may, in their regular operations, obtain information of a confidential nature. The views expressed in this Report are that of CRISIL Research and not of CRISIL's Ratings Division / CRIS. No part of this Report may be published / reproduced in any form without CRISIL's prior written approval.



Argentina | China | Hong Kong | India | Poland | Singapore | UK | USA